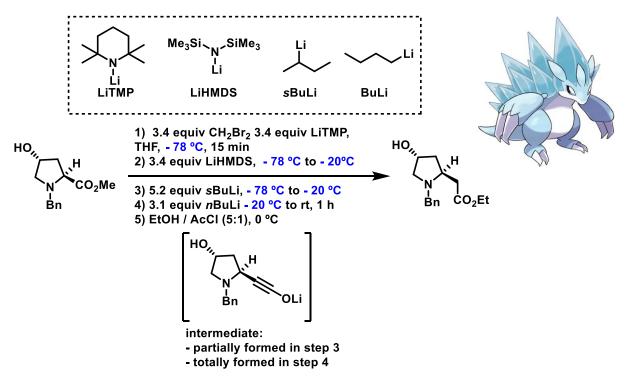
Problem set 17/03/22: Hot and Cold reaction conditions

- $A \xrightarrow{1. \text{ KHMDS}, \\ 1. \text{ KHMDS}, \\ \hline 1. \text{ KHMDS}, \\ \hline 1. \text{ KHMDS}, \\ \hline 2. \text{ HCHO} \\ 3. \text{ H}^{+} \\ 4. \text{ NaBH}_{4} \\ \hline \end{array} \xrightarrow{0} \qquad 1. \text{ NaH}, \\ \hline 1. \text{ NaH}, \\ \hline \hline 1. \text{ NaH}, \\ \hline \hline 1. \text{ NaH}, \\ \hline \hline 2. \text{ HCHO} \\ \hline 3. \text{ H}^{+} \\ \hline 4. \text{ NaBH}_{4} \\ \hline \end{array} \xrightarrow{0} \qquad 1. \text{ NaH}, \\ \hline \hline 1. \text{ NaH}, \\ \hline \hline 1.$
- 1. Using same Starting materials for these two reactions:

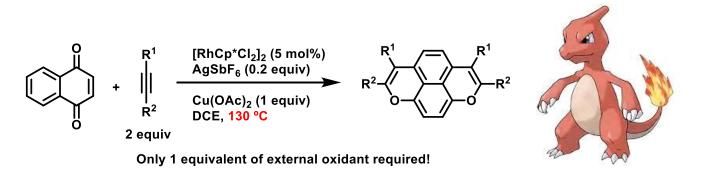
- a) Propose structures for products A and B. Explain why these products are formed.
- b) Draw the more stable structure for these products.

2.

- a) Propose a plausible mechanism for this homologation reaction.
- b) For this reaction, four different lithium species are used, and the order of addition is crucial for the mechanism of the reaction. Why not use BuLi in steps 2, 3 and 4?

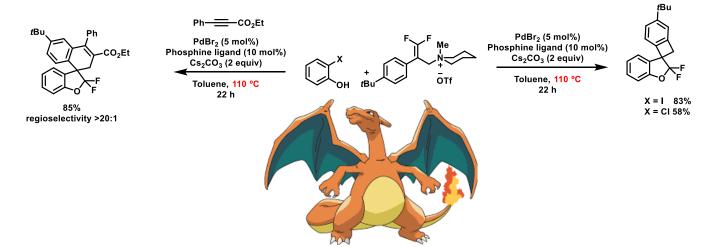


3. Propose a plausible mechanism for the following reaction.



4.

- a) Propose a plausible mechanism for these transformations.
- b) Can you explain the differences of reactivity between I and Cl starting materials?
- c) Can you explain the regioselectivity observed in the reaction involved an alkyne?



5.

- a) Propose structure for product A
- b) Propose a mechanism for the reaction in the left

